

FUTURE DEVELOPMENT TRENDS IN LAOS AND CAMBODIA:

1

GREEN GROWTH POSSIBILITIES

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MEKONG REGION IN CHANGE

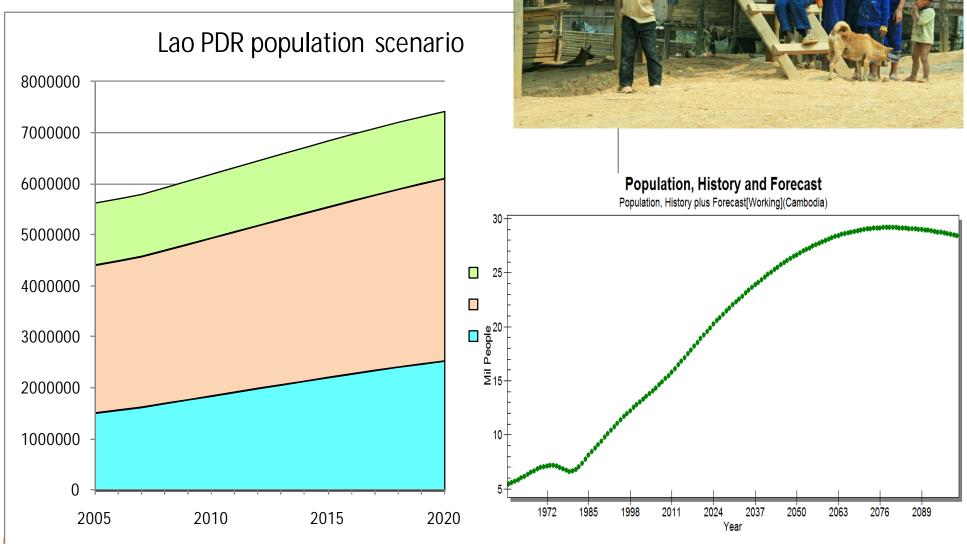








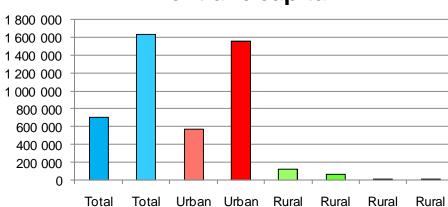
POPULATION







DIFFERENT POPULATION GROWTH FIGURES



2020

2005

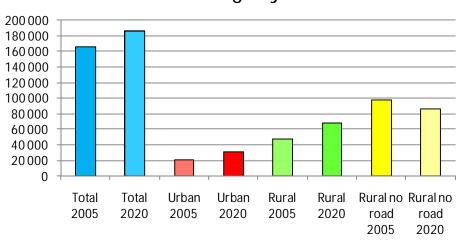
2020

no road no road

2005

2020

Vientiane capital



Phongsaly

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2005

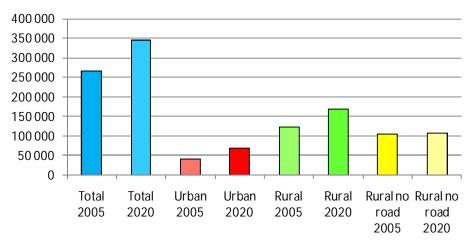
2020

2005

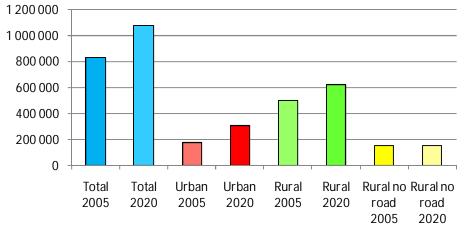




Oudomxai

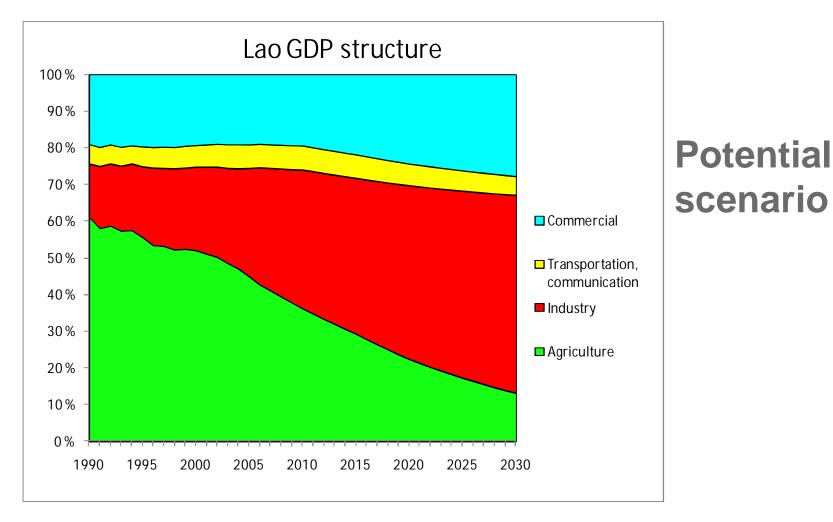


Savannakhet





STRUCTURAL CHANGE OF ECONOMY

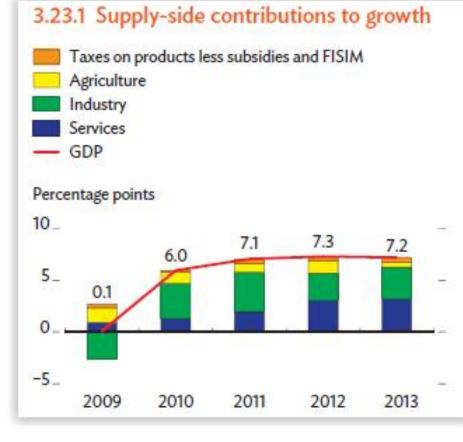




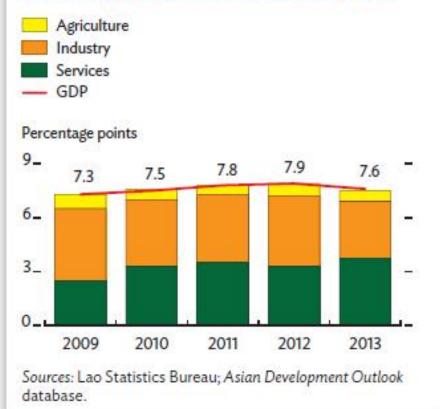
GDP GROWTH

Cambodia

Lao PDR



^{3.25.1} Supply-side contributions to growth

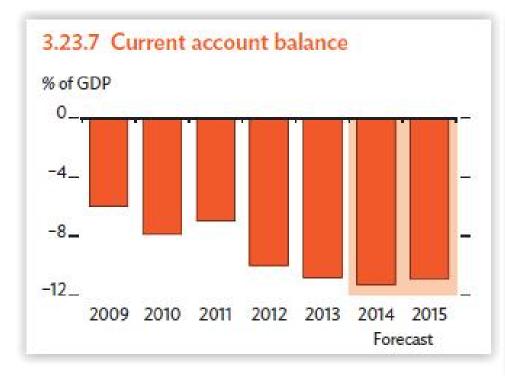


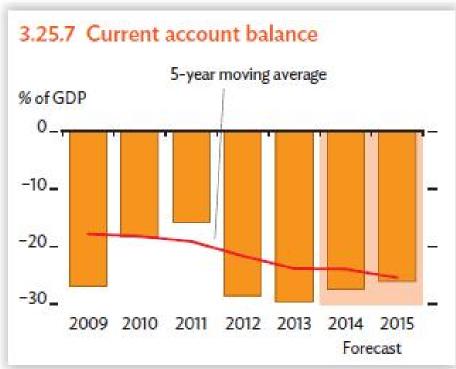


ECONOMIC BALANCE

Cambodia

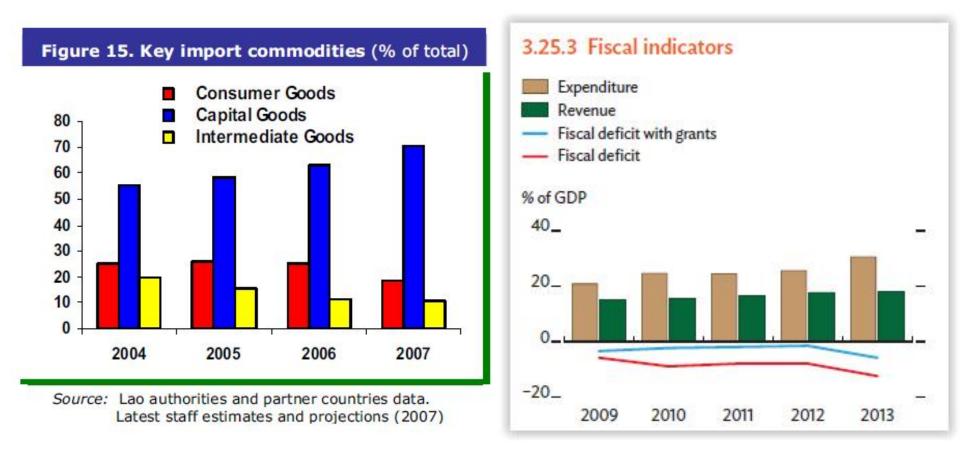






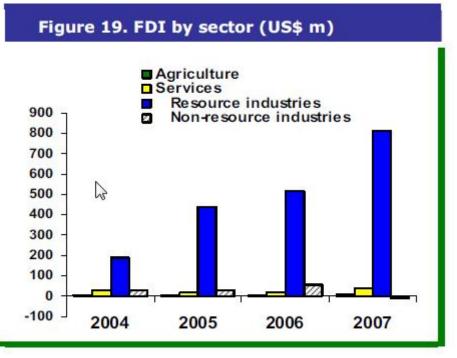


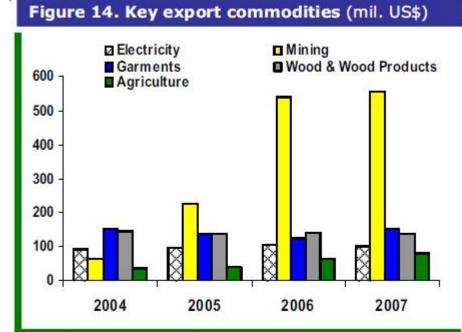
IMPORT AND CONSUMPTION, BUDGET DEFICIT LAO PDR





INVESTMENTS AND EXPORT LAO PDR

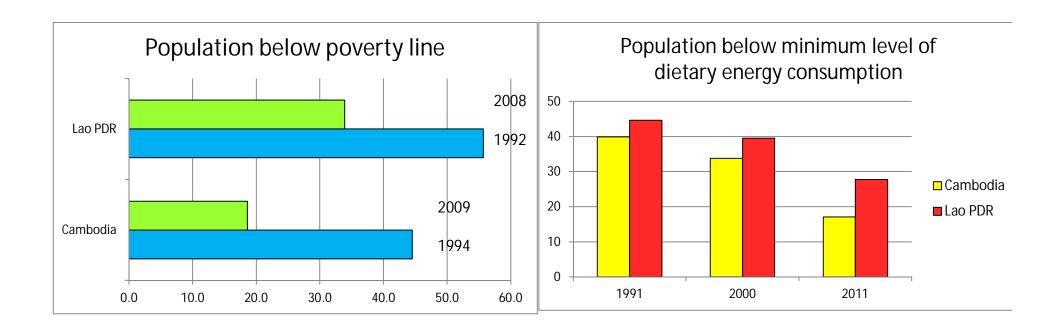




Source: Lao authorities and partner countries data. Latest staff estimates and projections (2007)



MDG 1 TARGET





MDG Goal 2: Achieve Universal Primary Education

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Box 2.1 Progress toward target for primary school enrollment

Early achievers

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s

Armenia	Kyrgyz Rep.
Brunei Darussalam	Lao PDR
Cambodia	Malaysia
China, People's Rep. of	Marshall Islands
Hong Kong, China	Micronesia, Fed. States of
Cook Islands	Mongolia
Fiji	Nauru
Georgia	Taipei,China
India	Tajikistan
Indonesia	Tonga
Kazakhstan	Tuvalu
Kiribati	Vanuatu
Korea, Rep. of	Viet Nam
On track	
Palau	
low progress	
Bhutan	Solomon Islands
Pakistan	Timor-Leste
Papua New Guinea	
lo progress/regressing	
Azerbaijan	Sri Lanka
Maldives	Thailand
Philippines	Uzbekistan
Samoa	



MDG GOAL 7: **ENSURE ENVIRONMENTAL SUSTAINABILITY**

Box 7.1 Progress toward the target for proportion of population with access to improved drinking water

Early achievers

Afghanistan	Maldives
Armenia	Mongolia
Bhutan	Myanmar
Cambodia	Nepal
China, People's Rep. of	Palau
Cook Islands	Samoa
Fiji	Singapore
Georgia	Sri Lanka
India	Thailand
Korea, Rep. of	Tuvalu
Kyrgyz Rep.	Vanuatu
Lao PDR	Viet Nam
Malaysia	
On track	
Indonesia	Philippines
Slow progress	
Azerbaijan	Papua New Guinea
Bangladesh	Solomon Islands
Kiribati	Tajikistan
Marshall Islands	Timor-Leste
Nauru	Tonga
Pakistan	
No progress/regressing	
Kazakhstan	Turkmenistan
Micronesia, Fed. States of	Uzbekistan



ECONOMIC GROWTH

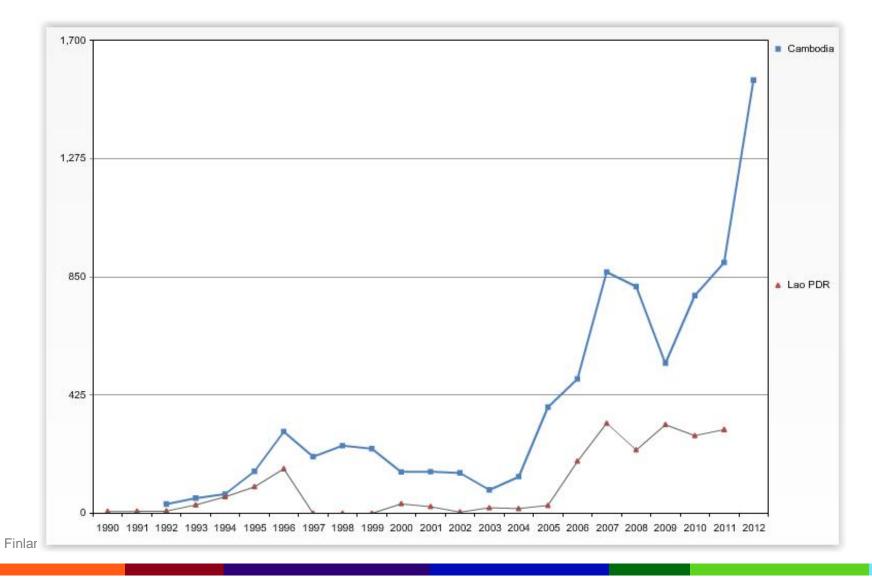
Where do the investments come from? **China**? □Japan? **DEU and USA? Where to invest?** □Mining, Aluminium





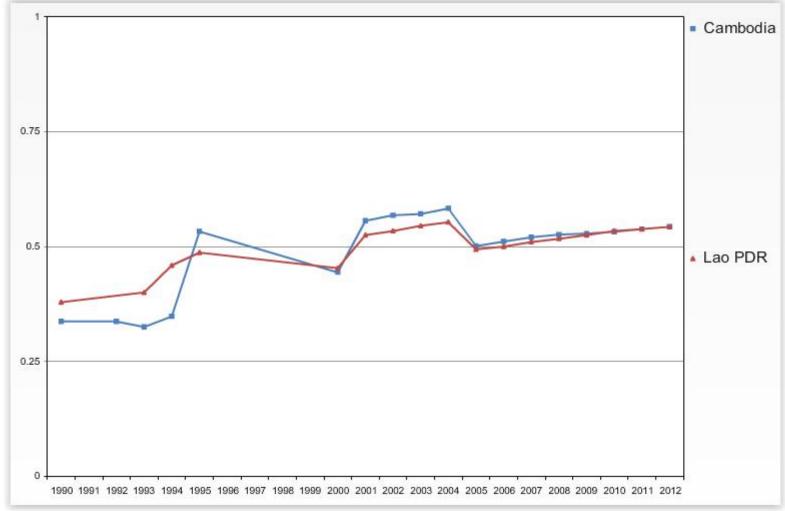


FOREIGN DIRECT INVESTMENTS



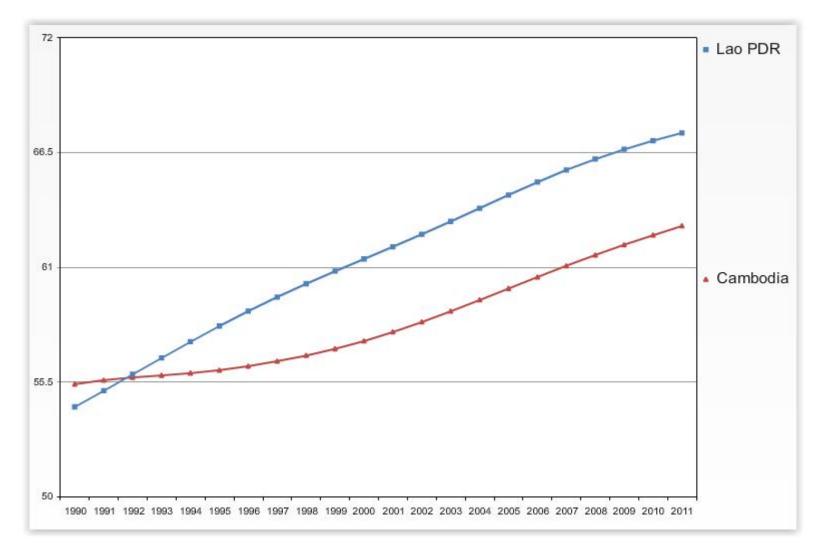


HUMAN DEVELOPMENT INDEX



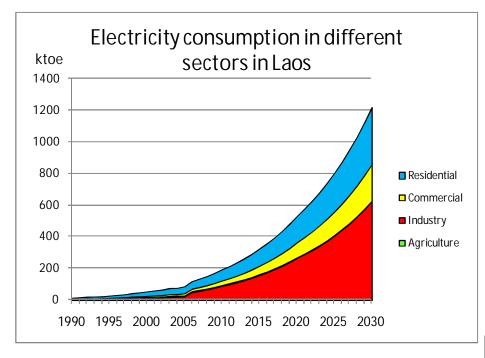


LIFE EXPECTANCY



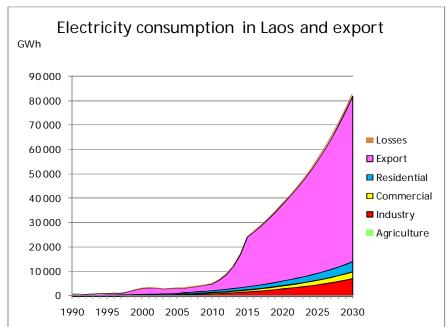


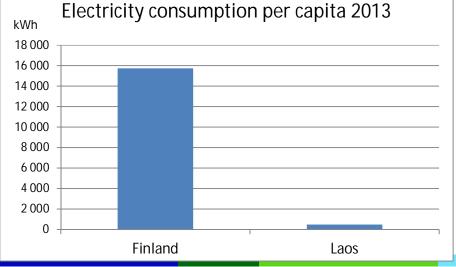
ELECTRICITY CONSUMPTION



Electricity consumption per capita in Laos

- 2013: 500 kWh per capita
- 2030: 4 000 kWh per capita ?
- compare Finland 15 000 kWh per capita







HYDRO POWER AND ECONOMY?

Nam Theun 2 income 2 billion USD for Laos

Who gets profit? Who has to pay? Where does the money go?





LAO ECONOMY

GDP about 5.5. billion USD

Annual education budget about 0.1 billion USD



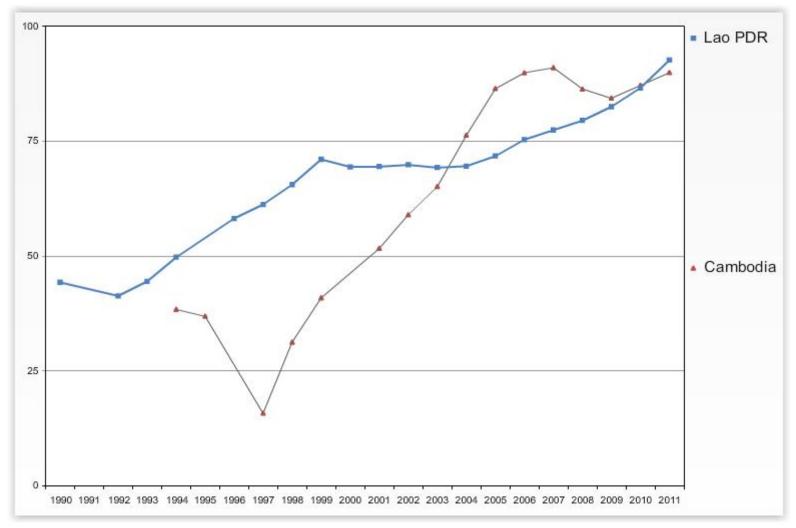
Nam Theun 2 income provides 20 years education budget?

Does the money go to education and health?

But what are the environmental costs?

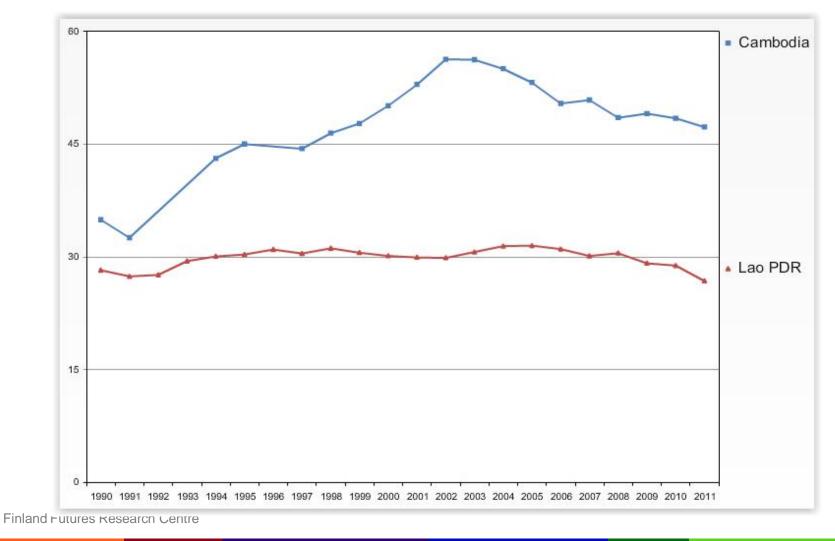


PRIMARY EDUCATION COMPLETION RATE





PRIMARY EDUCATION TEACHER-PUPIL RATIO QUALITY OF EDUCATION?





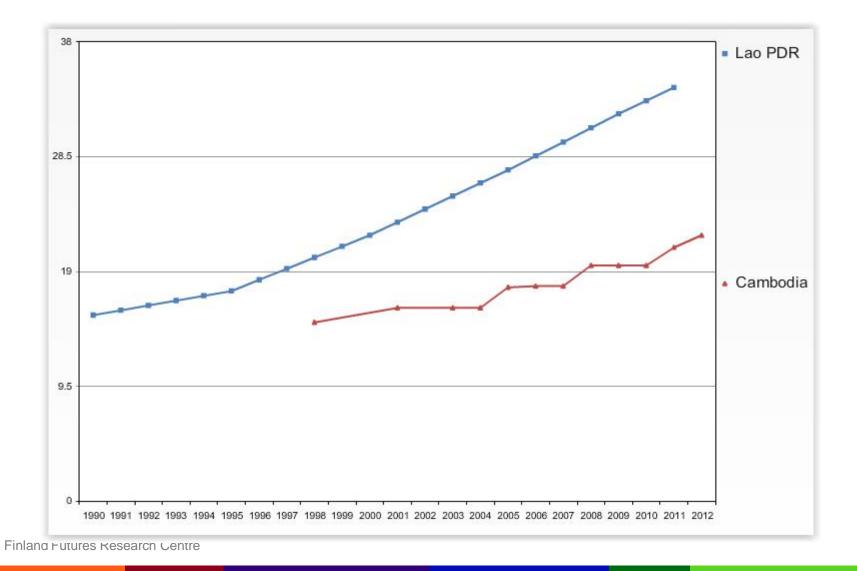
URBANISATION AND EMPLOYMENT

- Rapid urbanisation is an important trend
- What are employment opportunities for urban population
- How is the education of young people organised?
- How is the health care organised
- Housing?



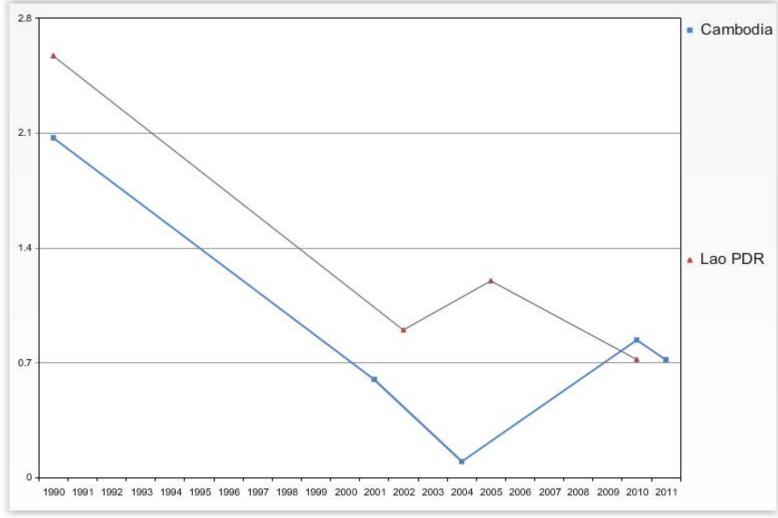


URBANISATION RATE





HOSPITAL BEDS PER 1000





HOW TO BALANCE ECONOMIC GROWTH, SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT AND ENVIRONMENT

- Balance of payment
- Export earnings

VS.

- Local livelihood problems
- Environmental problems







THE KEY QUESTION

How to balance different development needs of different groups of people.

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Green Economy Transitions in the Least Developed Countries (GET-LDC)

Multi-scale Analysis of Energy and Forest use in Laos and Cambodia

The objectives of the project are: 1.To develop a research framework to analyse the nexus of green economy and natural resources management taking into account the climate policy objectives.



2. To apply this framework to study Laos and Cambodia which are under pressure of intensifying their resource extraction



3. To analyse what kind of implications green economy agendas have on forest and energy sectors through a multi-scale analysis:

- International scale
- National scale
- Local scale



4. To assess how forest and energy sector policies intersect in the context of inclusive green economy objectives.



5. To develop and evaluate future scenarios for green economy in energy and natural resources management for Laos and Cambodia



6. To address climate change and climate change policies as a crosscutting issue in the energy and forest sectors



7. Compare experiences of Laos and Cambodia and analyse in what ways they are relevant for other developing countries



8. Evaluate the relevance of the results for Finland's development policy and the relevance for other development actors



9. Strengthen the local research capacity and international academic collaboration



THANK YOU

